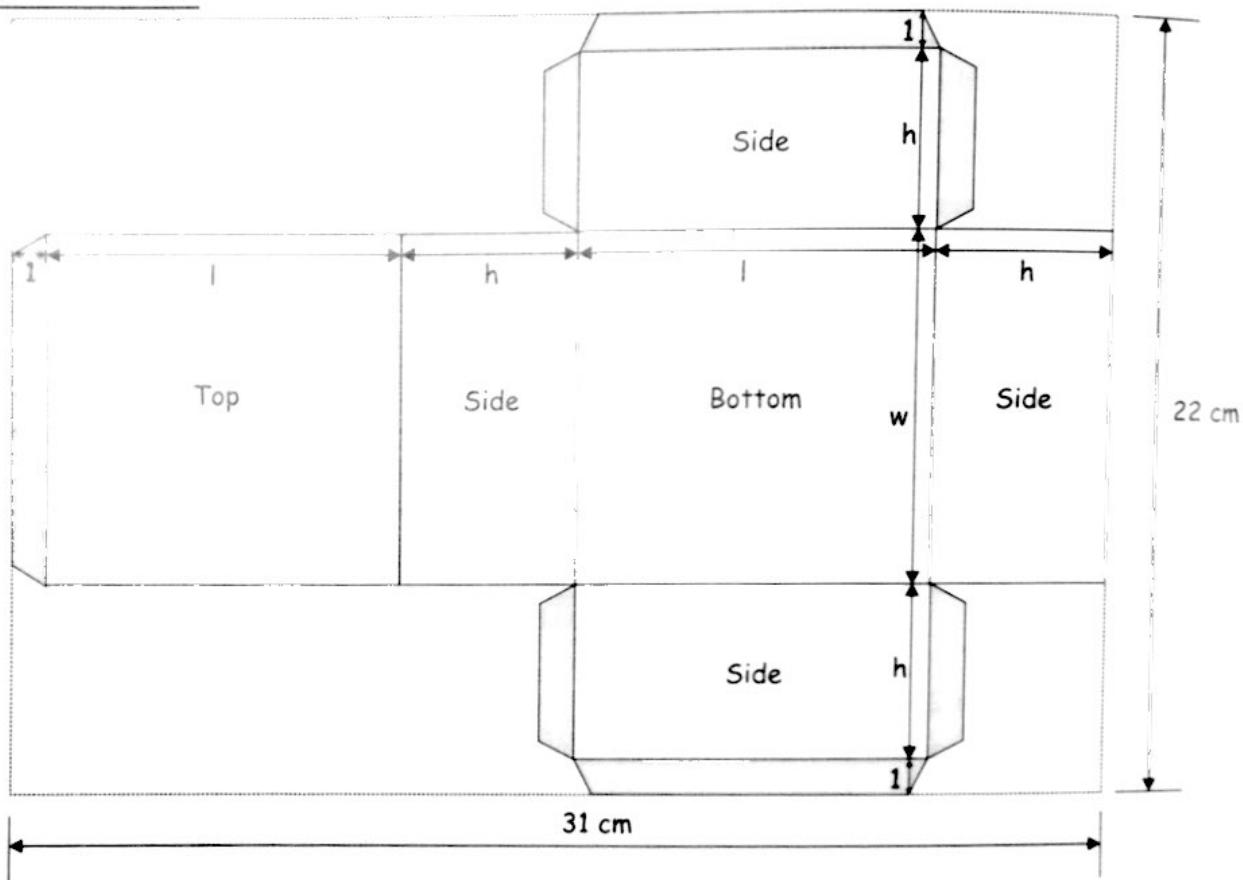


QUESTION 7 (50 MARKS)**Question 7 (a)**

$$2h + 2l + 1 = 31$$

$$2h + w + 2 = 22$$

$$2l + 2h = 30$$

$$2h + w = 20$$

$$l + h = 15$$

$$w = (20 - 2h) \text{ cm}$$

$$l = (15 - h) \text{ cm}$$

Question 7 (b)

$$V = l \times b \times h = (15 - h)(20 - 2h)h$$

Question 7 (c)

$$\text{Square bottom: } l = w$$

$$V = (15 - (5))(20 - 2(5))(5)$$

$$15 - h = 20 - 2h$$

$$= (10)(10)(5)$$

$$2h - h = 20 - 15$$

$$= 500 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\therefore h = 5 \text{ cm}$$

Question 7 (d)

$(15 - h)(20 - 2h)h = 500 \leftarrow \text{Form a cubic equation by putting the volume of the box equal to } 500.$

$$(300 - 50h + 2h^2)h = 500$$

$$2h^3 - 50h^2 + 300h - 500 = 0$$

$$h^3 - 25h^2 + 150h - 250 = 0$$

$h = 5$ is a solution of this cubic. Therefore, $(h - 5)$ is a linear factor. The other factor is a quadratic. Find the quadratic by lining up.

$$h^3 - 25h^2 + 150h - 250 = (h - 5)(h^2 + kh + 50)$$

$$h^3 - 25h^2 + 150h - 250 = h^3 + (k - 5)h^2 + (50 - 5k)h - 250$$

$$\therefore -25 = k - 5 \Rightarrow k = -20$$

$$h^3 - 25h^2 + 150h - 250 = (h - 5)(h^2 - 20h + 50) = 0$$

$h^2 - 20h + 50 = 0 \leftarrow$ Solve the quadratic using the formula.

$$a = 1, b = -20, c = 50$$

$$h = \frac{-(-20) \pm \sqrt{(-20)^2 - 4(1)(50)}}{2(1)}$$

$$= \frac{20 \pm \sqrt{400 - 200}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{20 \pm \sqrt{200}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{20 \pm 10\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$= 10 \pm 5\sqrt{2}$$

= 17.1, 2.9 cm [Discard the solution of $h = 17.1$ cm. The length l of the box is equal to $(15 - h)$. The length is not long enough to accommodate a value of 17.1 cm.]

ANSWER: $h = 2.9$ cm

Question 7 (e)

